By Representative Hall

RFD: Judiciary

First Read: 04-FEB-20

PFD: 01/23/2020
SYNOPSIS: Existing law prohibits the sale of drug paraphernalia, as well as the unauthorized sale of controlled substances. Existing law also imposes additional criminal penalties for the sale of controlled substances when the sale takes place on or within three miles of a school campus.

This bill would prohibit the sale of drug paraphernalia on or within three miles of a school campus and would prohibit the unauthorized sale of controlled substances and the sale of drug paraphernalia on the grounds of or within three miles of a church or place of worship, and would impose criminal penalties.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local
governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

To amend Sections 13A-12-250 and 13A-12-260, Code of Alabama 1975; to prohibit the sale of drug paraphernalia on or within three miles of a school campus and would prohibit the unauthorized sale of controlled substances and the sale of drug paraphernalia on the grounds of or within three miles of a church or place of worship; to impose criminal penalties; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the
Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. Sections 13A-12-250 and 13A-12-260, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:

"§13A-12-250.

(a) In addition to any penalties heretofore or hereafter provided by law for any person convicted of an unlawful sale of a controlled substance, there is hereby imposed a penalty of five years incarceration in a state corrections facility with no provision for probation if the situs of such unlawful sale was conducted on the campus or within a three-mile radius of the campus boundaries of any public or private school, college, university or other educational institution in this state.

(b) In addition to any penalties provided by law for any person convicted of an unlawful sale of a controlled substance, there is a penalty of five years' incarceration in a state corrections facility with no provision for probation if the unlawful sale was conducted on the grounds or within a three-mile radius of any church or place of worship in this state.

"§13A-12-260.

(a) Definition of "drug paraphernalia". As used in this section, the term "drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and materials of any kind which are used,
intended for use, or designed for use, in planting,
propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing,
compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing,
testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing,
containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or
otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled
substance in violation of the controlled substances laws of
this state. It includes but is not limited to:

"(1) Kits used, intended for use, or designed for
use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, or
harvesting of any species of plant which is a controlled
substance or from which a controlled substance can be
derived.

"(2) Kits used, intended for use, or designed for
use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing,
processing, or preparing controlled substances.

"(3) Isomerization devices used, intended for use,
or designed for use in increasing the potency of any species
of plant which is a controlled substance.

"(4) Testing equipment used, intended for use, or
designed for use in identifying, or in analyzing the strength,
effectiveness, or purity of controlled substances.

"(5) Scales and balances used, intended for use, or
designed for use in weighing or measuring controlled
substances.

"(6) Dilutants and adulterants, such as quinine
hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose and lactose, used,
intended for use, or designed for use in cutting controlled substances."

"(7) Separation gins and sifters used, intended for use, or designed for use in removing twigs and seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning or refining, marihuana.

"(8) Blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and mixing devices used, intended for use, or designed for use in compounding controlled substances.

"(9) Capsules, balloons, envelopes and other containers used, intended for use, or designed for use in packaging small quantities of controlled substances.

"(10) Containers and other objects used, intended for use, or designed for use in storing or concealing controlled substances.

"(11) Hypodermic syringes, needles and other objects used, intended for use, or designed for use in parenterally injecting controlled substances into the human body.

"(12) Objects used, intended for use, or designed for use in ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing marihuana, tetrahydro cannabinoids, cocaine, hashish, or hashish oil into the human body, such as:

"a. Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls.

"b. Water pipes.

"c. Carburetion tubes and devices.

"d. Smoking and carburetion masks.
e. Roach clips: Meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a marihuana cigarette, that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand.

f. Miniature cocaine spoons, and cocaine vials.

g. Chamber pipes.

h. Carburetor pipes.
i. Electric pipes.
j. Air-driven pipes.
k. Chillums.
l. Bongs.
m. Ice pipes or chillers.
n. Glass tubes which are hollow, cylindrical items made of glass which are smaller than three-quarters of an inch in diameter, shorter than 12 inches in length, and which are not sealed with glass at both ends.

(b) Factors in determining whether object is drug paraphernalia. In determining whether an object is drug paraphernalia, a court or other authority shall consider, in addition to all other logically relevant factors, the following:

(1) Statements by an owner or by anyone in control of the object concerning its use.

(2) Prior convictions, if any, of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, under any state or federal law relating to any controlled substance.
"(3) The proximity of the object, in time and space, to a direct violation of this section or to a controlled substance.

"(4) The existence of any residue of controlled substances on the object.

"(5) Direct or circumstantial evidence of the intent of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, to deliver it to persons whom he knows intend to use the object to facilitate a violation of the controlled substances laws of this state; the innocence of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, as to a direct violation of such laws shall not prevent a finding that the object is intended for use, or designed for use as drug paraphernalia.

"(6) Instructions, oral or written, provided with the object concerning its use.

"(7) Descriptive materials accompanying the object which explain or depict its use.

"(8) National and local advertising concerning its use.

"(9) The manner in which the object is displayed for sale.

"(10) Whether the owner, or anyone in control of the object, is a legitimate supplier of like or related items to the community, such as a licensed distributor or dealer of tobacco products.
(11) Direct or circumstantial evidence of the ratio of sales of the object or objects to the total sales of the business enterprise.

(12) The existence and scope of legitimate uses for the object in the community.

(13) Expert testimony concerning its use.

(c) Use or possession with intent to use. It shall be unlawful for any person to use, or to possess with intent to use, or to use to inject, ingest, inhale or otherwise introduce into the human body, drug paraphernalia to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain or conceal a controlled substance in violation of the controlled substances laws of this state. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished as prescribed by law.

(d)(1) It shall be unlawful for any person to use, deliver, or sell, possess with intent to deliver or sell, or manufacture with intent to deliver or sell, or to possess with intent to use drug paraphernalia to manufacture a controlled substance in violation of the controlled substances laws of this state.

(2) Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a Class C felony. If a person is in violation of this subsection and is in possession of a firearm at the time of the offense, the person shall be guilty of a Class B felony.
"(e) Delivery or sale. (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to deliver or sell, possess with intent to deliver or sell, or manufacture with intent to deliver or sell drug paraphernalia, knowing that it will be used to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance in violation of the controlled substances laws of this state. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished as prescribed by law. A person who is convicted of a subsequent violation of this subsection shall be guilty of a Class C felony and punished as prescribed by law. Any person convicted of violating this subsection who previously has been convicted of violating subdivision (2) of this subsection shall be subject to the same penalties specified for subsequent violations of this subsection.

"(2) Any person 18 years of age or over who violates subdivision (1) of this subsection by delivering drug paraphernalia to a person under 18 years of age who is at least three years his junior shall be guilty of a Class B felony and upon conviction shall be punished as prescribed by law.

"(3) In addition to any penalties provided by law for any person convicted of the sale of drug paraphernalia, there is a penalty of five years' incarceration in a state
corrections facility with no provision for probation if the sale was conducted on the campus or within a three-mile radius of the campus boundaries of any public or private school, college, university, or other educational institution in this state.

"(4) In addition to any penalties provided by law for any person convicted of the sale of drug paraphernalia, there is a penalty of five years' incarceration in a state corrections facility with no provision for probation if the sale was conducted on the grounds or within a three-mile radius of any church or place of worship in this state.

"(f) Contraband; forfeiture. All drug paraphernalia used in violation of this section shall be contraband and subject to the forfeiture laws of this state and Section 20-2-93 as amended, in particular."

Section 2. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.